2.1.7 2020 Resid	ential Ene	rgy En	d-Use \$	Splits, b	y Fuel	Type (Qu	uadrilli	on Btu)				
	Natural	Fuel	I Oth		Renw.	Site		Si	te		Primary	Prin	nary
	Gas	Oil	LPG	Fuel(1)		Electric	-		Percent		Electric (3)	-	Percen
Space Heating (4)	3.83	0.65	0.24	0.09	0.41	0.40			45.5%	- 1	1.23	6.45	27.5%
Space Cooling	0.00					0.91		0.91	7.4%	i	2.83	2.83	12.1%
Water Heating	1.15	0.08	0.05		0.03	0.42		1.73	14.0%	Ĺ	1.31	2.63	11.2%
Lighting						0.51		0.51	4.1%	ĺ	1.58	1.58	6.8%
Refrigeration (5)						0.46		0.46	3.7%	- 1	1.43	1.43	6.1%
Electronics (6)						0.43		0.43	3.5%	Ĺ	1.33	1.33	5.7%
Wet Clean (7)	0.08					0.39		0.47	3.8%	i	1.22	1.30	5.6%
Cooking	0.25		0.03			0.12		0.41	3.3%	i	0.39	0.67	2.9%
Computers						0.12		0.12	1.0%	Ĺ	0.38	0.38	1.6%
Other (8)	0.00		0.20		0.00	1.49		1.70	13.7%	İ	4.63	4.84	20.7%
Total	5.30	0.73	0.52	0.09	0.45	5.25	•	12.35	100%	ĺ	16.34	23.43	100%

Note(s): 1) Kerosene (0.08 quad) and coal (0.01 quad) are assumed attributable to space heating. 2) Comprised of wood space heating (0.40 quad), solar water heating (0.03 quad), geothermal space heating (0.01 quad), and solar PV (less than 0.01 quad). 3) Site -to-source electricity conversion (due to generation and transmission losses) = 3.11. 4) Includes furnace fans (0.23 quad). 5) Includes refrigerators (1.14 quad) and freezers (0.29 quad). 6) Includes color television (1.33 quad). 7) Includes clothes washers (0.08 quad), natural gas clothes dryers (0.08 quad), electric clothes dryers (0.84 quad), and dishwashers (0.30 quad). Does not include water heating energy. 8) Includes small electric devices, heating elements, motors, swimming pool heaters, hot tub heaters, outdoor grills, and natural gas outdoor lighting.

Source(s): EIA, Annual Energy Outlook 2008, Mar. 2008, Tables A2, p. 117-119, Table A4, p. 122-123 and Table A17, p. 143-144.